

MEETING OF HERTFORDSHIRE POLICE AND CRIME PANEL

Thursday 21 July 2016 - 7PM (to follow confirmation hearing)

Council Chamber, Broxbourne Borough Council, Bishops' College, Churchgate, Cheshunt, EN8 9XQ

AGENDA

- 1 INTRODUCTIONS, APOLOGIES AND WELCOME
- 2 APPOINTMENT OF VICE CHAIRMAN
- 3 MINUTES OF THE MEETINGS OF 26 MAY 2016 (attached)

 If members of the public have any comments on the draft minutes, please email pcp@broxbourne.gov.uk
- 4 MATTERS ARISING
- PUBLIC QUESTIONS TO THE POLICE AND CRIME COMMISSIONER (PCC)
 Questions can be sent to pcp@broxbourne.gov.uk seven days in advance of the meeting to allow for a quicker and more complete response. (20 minutes are permitted)
- QUESTIONS TO THE PANEL AND PETITIONS FROM THE PUBLIC Questions can be sent to pcp@broxbourne.gov.uk seven days in advance of the meeting to allow for a quicker and more complete response. (20 minutes are permitted)
- 7 UPDATE ON THE RECRUITMENT OF AN INDEPENDENT MEMBER (Verbal update)
- 8 ANNUAL REPORT OF THE COMMISSIONER'S CHIEF EXECUTIVE ON COMPLAINTS AGAINST THE COMMISSIONER (Report attached)
- 9 PROPOSAL TO CHANGE HOW COMPLAINTS AGAINST THE COMMISSIONER ARE REVIEWED (Report attached)
- 10 ANNUAL REPORT OF THE COMMISSIONER (Report attached)
- (a) Public questions on the Annual Report (15 minutes are permitted)
- (b) Panel consideration of the Annual Report

11 REVIEW UPDATES

- Victim support
- Statistics
- Force collaboration
- 12 ANY OTHER BUSINESS
- 13 DATE OF NEXT MEETING 7PM, THURSDAY 10 NOVEMBER 2016 (VENUE TO BE CONFIRMED)



HERTFORDSHIRE POLICE AND CRIME PANEL

Thursday 26 May 2016
Broxbourne Borough Council

Confirmation hearing

MINUTES

Present Cllr T Hutchings, Broxbourne Borough Council (Chairman)

Cllr H Chapman, Dacorum Borough Council (substitute)

Cllr P Choudhury, Hertsmere Borough Council Cllr S Hodgson, St Albans City and District Council

Cllr T Kingsbury, Welwyn Hatfield Borough Council (substitute)

Mr I Laidlaw-Dickson, Co-opted member

Dr M Ramsay, Co-opted member

Cllr S Reed, East Herts District Council

Also Present Mr T Hewins, officer of the Police and Crime Panel

Mr D Lloyd, Police and Crime Commissioner (PCC)

Mr R Wilsher, PCC Chief Executive

Mr D Gibson

Cllr M Mills-Bishop, Leader of Broxbourne Borough Council

Cllr Mrs S Gordon, Broxbourne Borough Council

Cllr J Kaur Cllr L Cocking Mr A Sanderson Ms K Broad Mr G Hicks

Mr M Briggs, Wormley and Turnford Society Mrs P Briggs, Wormley and Turnford Society Mrs D Parsonage, Wormley and Turnford Society

Mr J Wright

1 other member of the public

1 INTRODUCTIONS, APOLOGIES AND WELCOME

Apologies

Cllr Ms S Batson, Stevenage Borough Council

Cllr M Brooks, Three Rivers District Council

Cllr T Hunter, North Hertfordshire District Council

Cllr Ms I Imarni, Dacorum Borough Council

Cllr J McNally, North Hertfordshire District Council (substitute)

Cllr R Martins, Watford Borough Council

Cty Cllr P Ruffles, Hertfordshire County Council

Cllr R Trigg, Welwyn Hatfield Borough Council

2 REVIEW AND CONFIRMATION HEARING OF PROPOSED APPOINTMENT OF THE DEPUTY POLICE AND CRIME COMMISSIONER

The Panel agreed to support Mr David Gibson's reappointment to the post of the Deputy Police and Crime Commissioner.



HERTFORDSHIRE POLICE AND CRIME PANEL

Thursday 26 May 2016
Broxbourne Borough Council

Ordinary meeting

MINUTES

Present Cllr T Hutchings, Broxbourne Borough Council (Chairman)

Cllr H Chapman, Dacorum Borough Council (substitute)

Cllr P Choudhury, Hertsmere Borough Council Cllr S Hodgson, St Albans City and District Council

Cllr T Kingsbury, Welwyn Hatfield Borough Council (substitute)

Mr I Laidlaw-Dickson, Co-opted member

Dr M Ramsay, Co-opted member

Cllr S Reed, East Herts District Council

Also Present Mr T Hewins, officer of the Police and Crime Panel

Mr D Lloyd, Police and Crime Commissioner (PCC)

Mr R Wilsher, PCC Chief Executive

Mr D Gibson

Cllr M Mills-Bishop, Leader of Broxbourne Borough Council

Cllr Mrs S Gordon, Broxbourne Borough Council

Cllr J Kaur Cllr L Cocking Mr A Sanderson Ms K Broad Mr G Hicks

Mr M Briggs, Wormley and Turnford Society Mrs P Briggs, Wormley and Turnford Society Mrs D Parsonage, Wormley and Turnford Society

Mr J Wright

1 other member of the public

1 APPOINTMENT OF CHAIRMAN AND VICE CHAIRMAN

The Panel appointed Cllr Tim Hutchings, Broxbourne Borough Council, as Chairman.

The Panel deferred the appointment of a Vice Chairman until the next meeting.

2 INTRODUCTIONS, APOLOGIES AND WELCOME

Apologies

Cllr Ms S Batson, Stevenage Borough Council
Cllr M Brooks, Three Rivers District Council
Cllr T Hunter, North Hertfordshire District Council
Cllr Ms I Imarni, Dacorum Borough Council
Cllr J McNally, North Hertfordshire District Council (substitute)
Cllr R Martins, Watford Borough Council
Cty Cllr P Ruffles, Hertfordshire County Council
Cllr R Trigg, Welwyn Hatfield Borough Council

3 MINUTES OF THE MEETING OF 17 MARCH 2016

The minutes of the meeting were agreed.

4 MATTERS ARISING

The Chairman congratulated the Commissioner on re-election.

5 PUBLIC QUESTIONS TO THE POLICE AND CRIME COMMISSIONER

Mr Briggs raised the issue of speeding vehicles along the High Road, Wormley. The Commissioner advised that speeding vehicles is an operational matter. Average speed cameras will be installed on the A10 funded by speeding offences from elsewhere in the county. The Chairman noted that this may encourage more vehicles to take the High Road route and advised the issue will be raised at the next meeting of the Broxbourne Local Strategic Partnership.

<u>Mr Wright</u> asked what the policy is for the police patrolling on foot. <u>The Commissioner</u> advised the public have said throughout his first term that they want to see local police on the beat. A neighbourhood policing model has been retained in Hertfordshire with a Chief Inspector and neighbourhood policing team in each borough. The Chief Constable is responsible for the deployment of police officers. The role of the Commissioner is to hold the Chief Constable to account.

Mr Briggs noted that there is a shortage of counters in police stations which the public, particularly the elderly, can visit. The Commissioner advised that during the election campaign many people had commented they want to be able to directly visit the police if necessary.

6 QUESTIONS TO THE PANEL AND PETITIONS FROM THE PUBLIC

No questions.

7 REVIEW OF PANEL MEMBERSHIP (INCLUDING INDEPENDENT MEMBERS), 2016/17 WORK PROGRAMME, RULES OF PROCEDURE AND TRAINING REQUIREMENTS

The Chairman advised that the elections in May resulted in no change to the political control of any constituent councils but a small change in the total numbers of councillors for the political parties. The Panel had three independent members not related to the political appointment objective up to the end of 2015/16 but one member has resigned from the role and a second member's term has expired. Therefore, the Panel currently has one independent member not related to the political appointment objective. The Panel can have up to two independent members not related to the political appointment objective. However, in 2014 the Panel was given special dispensation by the Home Office to appoint an additional independent member due to the quality of the candidates who applied for the role during the recruitment process. The Panel will seek to recruit an additional independent member.

The Chairman advised that the handling of complaints against the Commissioner is currently delegated to the Chief Executive of the Commissioner's office. If it is determined that there is a conflict of interest, the complaint is referred to the Panel for informal resolution. Following a complaint which was referred by the Chief Executive of the Commissioner's office to the Panel in December 2015, the Panel set up a subgroup to review the complaint and make recommendations to the Commissioner. It worked well and recommendations will be tabled at the next meeting so complaints which fall under the Panel's jurisdiction are reviewed by the Panel and the current delegation to the Chief Executive of the Commissioner's office is withdrawn.

<u>The Chairman</u> advised that meeting venues of the Panel are rotated across Hertfordshire so all residents in the county have a chance to attend.

8 POLICE AND CRIME PANEL CONFERENCE

<u>The Chairman</u> advised that the Panel has joined the Police and Crime Panels Eastern Region Network organised by Frontline Consulting Associates. The annual Police and Crime Panel Conference, sponsored by Grant Thornton UK LLP, will be held at the Banqueting Suite, Council House, Birmingham on Thursday 20 October 2016. There is sufficient budget for members of the Panel to attend.

9 UPDATE FROM THE POLICE AND CRIME COMMISSIONER

The Commissioner welcomed his re-election for a second term. The main functions of the role are to appoint and dismiss the Chief Constable, set the precept and budget and publish the Police and Crime Plan. The contract of the Chief Constable has been extended as it was considered not appropriate to appoint a new Chief Constable prior to the election. The process to recruit a new Chief Constable will start early to avoid similar selection issues faced by other areas of the country where the number of applicants was as low as one. The selection process will seek to attract applicants from across the country and elsewhere in the world. Once interview dates are confirmed, the Panel will be notified.

<u>The Commissioner</u> advised that new challenges may mean the budget will need to be tweaked next year. The Commissioner's election manifesto will become the new Police and Crime Plan. It is a process of evolution, which includes closer working with the fire service and other parts of the public sector to provide a better response to the public.

The Chairman noted that the appointment of a Chief Constable is the only absolute veto the Panel has. Dr Ramsay advised that the Home Office encourage the consideration of as wide a range of people as possible for the role of Chief Constable. The College of Policing suggest a minimum recruitment period of three weeks is necessary. If the recruitment process is held during the summer holiday season, the number of applicants will likely be lower than if it was held at a different time of year. The Commissioner confirmed that he is already thinking about how to attract a wide range of candidates to apply. The private sector head hunts and this approach could be adopted.

Mr Wright asked how the Commissioner interacted with the Home Office. The Commissioner advised that the Home Office is no longer responsible for policing, although meetings take place with the Home Office every three weeks. The Commissioner also liaises with other police and crime commissioners on a weekly basis.

<u>Cllr Hodgson</u> welcomed the idea of head hunting the next Chief Constable and asked what involvement the Panel will have. <u>The Commissioner</u> advised that the Panel will have a scrutiny role. The recruitment panel will include a wide range of stakeholders, such as a local authority chief executive, a local authority leader and a representative from the private sector. An informal briefing will be held for the Panel prior to the recruitment process commencing. <u>The Chairman</u> welcomed the opportunity for the Panel to be briefed beforehand.

<u>Cllr Chapman</u> asked whether a mobile police unit could be utilised to visit different areas of the county. <u>The Chairman</u> noted that the Commissioner's role is strategic and the question is related to operational matters. <u>The Commissioner</u> advised that the public want access to the police and are concerned about the accessibility of police stations. The challenge is to find the best way of providing access.

<u>Dr Ramsay</u> mentioned other methods as to how the police could engage with the public, such as via market stalls and crime prevention days. <u>The Commissioner</u> acknowledged the importance of communicating with the public in the most appropriate manner, particularly as communication channels evolve and change.

10 **REVIEW UPDATES**

Force collaboration

<u>The Chairman</u> advised that a meeting will be arranged with Bedfordshire and Cambridgeshire police and crime panels to discuss force collaboration.

Victim support

<u>The Chairman</u> welcomed the excellent Beacon presentation by Mr McGetrick at the Panel's meeting held on 28 January 2016.

Statistics

<u>Dr Ramsay</u> advised he had written to the Deputy Chief Constable to arrange a meeting to discuss performance and statistics with relevant staff at the Constabulary. The response received was an invitation to Dr Ramsay rather than the three members of the Panel's statistics subgroup.

<u>Cllr Choudhury</u> asked whether there was any best practice which could be followed by the Constabulary. <u>Dr Ramsay</u> advised that there is a variety of approaches used across the country by police forces, including some forces using their own crime survey, and welcomed sight of any specific best practice available.

11 ANY OTHER BUSINESS

None.

12 DATE OF THE NEXT MEETING

The date of the next meeting will be agreed in consultation with the Commissioner's office.



| MEETING | POLICE AND CRIME PANEL |
|-----------------|---|
| DATE | 21 July 2016 |
| TITLE OF REPORT | Report of Complaints and Conduct Matters for the period 1 st April 2015 to 31 st March 2016 |
| SUBMITTED BY | Deputy Chief Executive of the Police and Crime Commissioner for Hertfordshire |

1 PURPOSE

1.1 The purpose of this paper is to present an overview to the Police and Crime Panel of complaints and conduct matters in regard to the Police and Crime Commissioner and the Deputy Police and Crime Commissioner which have been handled by the Chief Executive under the powers delegated to him by the panel.

2 BACKGROUND

- 2.1 Under current legislation, the Police and Crime Panel is responsible for the initial handling and informal resolution of complaints against the Police and Crime Commissioner, and any Deputy Commissioner appointed, other than serious complaints or conduct matters which must be referred to the Independent Police Complaints Commission.
- 2.2 The legislation allows some of the powers and duties of the Panel to be delegated to the Chief Executive of the Commissioner.
- 2.3 In the meeting held on 6 December 2012 the Panel decided to delegate its functions with regard to complaints with the exception of the power to informally resolve a complaint.
- 2.4 The Panel also requested the Chief Executive of the Commissioner to provide an annual report on complaints and conduct matters (this report).

3 COMPLAINTS REPORT

1 complaint has been made. This was a wide ranging complaint about staff and officers of the constabulary and the Police and Crime Commissioner's failure to act on the complainant's grievance with them. Because this also included a complaint that the PCC had not responded to the complaint in a timely manner and that the member of the PCC's office who had replied did not have the power to do so, this was referred to the panel and considered. The panel replied to the complainant pointing out that much of his complaint was outside the remit of the PCC and so would not be taken further. A recommendation was made to the PCC though that the complaints procedure should be made clearer so that the public receive a clear and timely response to their correspondence and complaints and the procedure should be published on the PCC website. This recommendation was accepted by the Police and Crime Commissioner, the new procedure is outlined on the website and the process is regularly reviewed to ensure that complaints and correspondence from the public are dealt with in the best possible way.

4 RECOMMENDATION

The Panel is asked to note this report.



HERTFORDSHIRE POLICE AND CRIME PANEL

ORDINARY MEETING

PROPOSAL TO CHANGE HOW COMPLAINTS AGAINST THE COMMISSIONER ARE REVIEWED

Tom Hewins Broxbourne Borough Council

Agenda item 9

21 July 2016

RECOMMENDATIONS

That the Panel:-

Approves changes to how complaints against the Commissioner and Deputy Commissioner are reviewed so that complaints which fall under the Panel's jurisdiction are reviewed by the Panel and the current delegation to the Chief Executive of the Commissioner's office is withdrawn.

Purpose of Report

The purpose of this report is to:

- Set out the Panel's statutory responsibilities in dealing with non-criminal complaints against the Commissioner and against the Deputy Commissioner, as well as criminal complaints or conduct matters that are referred back to the Panel by the Independent Police Complaints Commission (the IPCC).
- Propose changes to the Panel's procedure for dealing with complaints against the Commissioner and Deputy Commissioner.

Elected Local Policing Bodies (Complaints and Misconduct) Regulations 2012

The Panel has the statutory role of overseeing all complaints against the Commissioner and Deputy Commissioner and informally resolving non-criminal complaints, as well as criminal complaints or conduct matters that are referred back to the Panel by the IPCC.

The Elected Local Policing Bodies (Complaints and Misconduct) Regulations 2012 (the Regulations) make provision regarding the Panel's powers and duties in regard to complaints made about the conduct of the Commissioner or Deputy Commissioner. The aim of the complaints system is to deliver resolution as quickly and effectively as possible for the majority of complainants through local resolution.

In accordance with the Regulations, the Panel is required to maintain suitable arrangements for handling complaints, recording conduct matters where there is an indication that the Commissioner or Deputy Commissioner may have committed a criminal offence (Conduct Matters) and prescribing the manner in which any complaints alleging conduct which constitutes or involves, or appears to constitute or involve, the commission of a criminal offence (Serious Complaints) and Conduct Matters are handled. The IPCC is required to secure that the Panel maintains such arrangements and to secure that:

- The arrangements comply with the Regulations, are efficient and effective and manifest an appropriate degree of independence;
- Public confidence is established and maintained in the existence, and with the operation, of the arrangements; and
- Such arrangements are conducive to, and facilitate, the reporting of misconduct by the Commissioner or Deputy Commissioner.

The Panel may delegate all or any of its powers or duties under the Regulations, with the exception of Part 4 (informal resolution of complaints), to the Commissioner's Chief Executive. In relation to Part 4 and the informal resolution procedure, the Panel may deal with the matter itself or by appointing a subcommittee, a single member of the Panel, or a person who is not a member of the Panel (but not the Commissioner, Deputy Commissioner or the Commissioner's Chief Executive) to secure the informal resolution of the complaint and then report back to the Panel the conclusion of the process.

How complaints against the Commissioner are currently handled

The handling of complaints against the Commissioner is currently delegated to the Chief Executive of the Commissioner's office. If it is determined that there is a conflict of interest, the complaint is referred to the Panel for informal resolution. The process is detailed on the Panel's website at http://www.hertspcp.org.uk/SitePages/Complaints.aspx

Following a complaint which was referred by the Chief Executive of the Commissioner's office to the Panel in December 2015, the Panel set up a subgroup to review the complaint and make recommendations to the Commissioner.

Complaints against the Commissioner

Item 8 on the agenda states there was one complaint against the Commissioner received by the Chief Executive of the Commissioner's Office in 2015/16. A second complaint was referred by the IPCC to the Clerk of the Panel who referred the complaint back to the IPCC. No further correspondence has been received from the IPCC about the complaint.

Proposed change to procedure for reviewing complaints against the Commissioner and Deputy Commissioner

It is proposed that complaints which fall under the Panel's jurisdiction are reviewed by the Panel and the current delegation to the Chief Executive of the Commissioner's office is withdrawn, as detailed below.

To make a complaint, members of the public will need to email pcp@broxbourne.gov.uk or write to the Clerk of the Hertfordshire Police and Crime Panel, Borough Offices, Bishops' College, Churchgate, Cheshunt, Hertfordshire, EN8 9XQ.

The Clerk of the Panel will determine whether the complaint falls within the responsibility of the Panel; alleges criminal conduct which is required to be referred to the IPCC; is a policing matter and is not relevant for the Panel; or requires no action. The Clerk of the Panel will contact the complainant to confirm how the complaint will be handled if the complaint does not fall within the responsibility of the Panel. The Panel cannot question what the Commissioner or his deputy has done simply because a complainant does not agree. There must be some alleged fault by the Commissioner or his Deputy.

Complaints which fall within the responsibility of the Panel will be reviewed by a subgroup of three members of the Panel in accordance with the informal resolution process. Under this process, the subgroup has powers to require the person complained against to provide information or documents or attend before it but, otherwise, it does not have the power to investigate the complaint. The subgroup has various options for informal resolution which can include, amongst other things:

- An explanatory letter being sent to the complainant;
- A suggested change to one of the Commissioner's policies;
- A request that an apology is tendered; or
- In some cases, can disapply the informal resolution process and handle the complaint as the subgroup sees fit, or take no further action. These are cases where:
 - o the matter is already the subject of a complaint;
 - the complaint is anonymously made and it is not reasonably practicable to ascertain the name of or address of the complainant;
 - the complaint is vexatious, oppressive or otherwise an abuse of the complaints procedure;
 - the complaint is repetitious (i.e. it is substantially the same as a previous complaint, it contains no fresh allegations which significantly affect the account of the conduct complained of, no fresh evidence, being evidence which was not reasonably available at the time the previous complaint was made, is tendered in support of it, and the previous complaint was resolved or withdrawn);
 - the matter took place more than 12 months ago and no good reason for the delay has been shown or injustice would be caused by the delay; or
 - the complaint is concerned entirely with the conduct of the Commissioner or Deputy Commissioner in relation to a member of the Commissioner's or Deputy Commissioner's staff.

Whichever path is followed, the complaints process ends when the parties are notified of the outcome reached by the subgroup. The subgroup will then decide whether to publish the outcome of the complaint after considering the parties' views about this. A record of the outcome of a complaint will be sent to the complainant and the person complained about. Details of the record may be published but only after the complainant has been given a chance to comment.

If a complainant wishes to withdraw or discontinue their complaint they must write to the Clerk of the Panel. If a complaint involves or may involve criminal conduct then the complaint may still need to be investigated by the IPCC. If this is the case, the complainant will be told.

Panel's Rules of Procedure

Section 21 of the Panel's Rules of Procedure outlines the Panel's responsibilities in dealing with complaints against the Commissioner and Deputy Commissioner – See Appendix A.

Financial, Legal and Risk Implications

In accordance with the Regulations, the Panel is required to maintain suitable arrangements for handling complaints, recording conduct matters where there is an indication that the Commissioner or Deputy Commissioner may have committed a criminal offence (Conduct Matters) and prescribing the manner in which any complaints alleging conduct which constitutes or involves, or appears to constitute or involve, the commission of a criminal offence (Serious Complaints) and Conduct Matters are handled.

The cost of the Panel handling complaints against the Commissioner and Deputy Commissioner will come from the budget held by the host authority. This includes access to legal advice.

Appendix A - Hertfordshire Police and Crime Panel

Rules of Procedure

1.0 General

- 1.1 These Rules of Procedure are made by the Police and Crime Panel ('the Panel') pursuant to Schedule 6 paragraph 25 of the Police Reform and Social Responsibility Act 2011 (the 'Act').
- 1.2 The Panel will be conducted in accordance with the Rules. The Rules should be read having regard to the Panel Arrangements.
- 1.3 The Rules shall not be amended unless notification of a proposed amendment is received by the Chairman and the Host Authority not less than fifteen working days prior to a Panel meeting, a report on the implications of the amendment shall be considered by the Panel and the amendment shall require agreement of three quarters of those present. No amendment may be considered by the Panel which does not comply with the Act, relevant Regulations or statutory guidance.
- 1.3 If there is any conflict in interpretation between these Rules and the Act or Regulations made under the Act, the Act and Regulations will prevail.

2.0 Appointment of the Chairman of the Panel

- 2.1 The Chairman of the Panel will be appointed at the first ordinary meeting of each year after the local elections by the Panel from the Members of the Panel. The Panel shall determine the means by which the Chairman shall be appointed.
- 2.2 The Vice Chairman will be appointed at the same meeting in each year from the Members of the Panel and the Panel shall determine the means by which the Vice Chairman shall be appointed. The Vice Chairman will preside in the absence of the Chairman and if neither is present the Panel will appoint a Chairman from among the remaining Members for the purposes of that meeting.
- 2.3 In the event of the resignation or removal of the Chairman a new Chairman will be appointed by the Panel at its next meeting from the Members.
- 2.4 The Chairman may be removed by agreement of a majority of the whole Membership of the Panel and in that event the Panel will appoint a replacement Chairman from the Appointed Members.

3.0 Appointment of Co-opted Members

- 3.1 The Panel shall at least each year consider the membership of the Panel and consider if it should appoint further Co-opted Members to more effectively meet the balanced appointment objective.
- 3.2 Before the appointment of any Co-opted Member (other than one to achieve the political balance objective) there shall be a public advertisement of the requirements of the post.
- 3.3 The appointment shall be made by a group of no less than 3 Members of the Panel unless the Panel decides to make the appointment itself.

- 3.4 The appointment will be made on merit from candidates whose skills, experience and qualities are considered best to ensure the effective functioning of the Panel in accordance with the balanced appointment objective.
- 3.5 The selection process shall be fair, objective, impartial and consistently applied to all candidates who will be assessed against the same pre-determined criteria.
- 3.6 The selection process shall be carried out in a transparent manner with a view to attracting a strong and diverse field of candidates.

4.0 Panel Meetings

- 4.1 The Panel will meet in public at least three times per year to carry out its functions.
- 4.2 Extraordinary meetings may be also called from time to time as the Panel considers necessary.
- 4.3 An extraordinary meeting may be called by:
 - a) the Chairman, or
 - b) any four Members of the panel giving notice in writing to the Chairman and the Head of Support Services at Broxbourne Borough Council.
- 4.4 The Panel shall have power to determine the location of its meetings.

5 Public Participation in Meetings of the Panel

- 5.1 Members of the Public resident in Hertfordshire or any business ratepayer of Hertfordshire may, provided at least 14 days notice is given to the Head of Support Services at Broxbourne Borough Council present a petition containing ten or more signatures of residents or business ratepayers of Hertfordshire to a public meeting of the panel. The presenter of the petition may address the Panel for no more than 3 minutes on the subject of the petition but thereafter shall not have the right to speak further. If the subject matter of the petition is not on the agenda of the meeting it shall be referred to the next meeting of the Panel. The presenter of the petition shall be able to make a statement to the Panel at the meeting for no more than 3 minutes.
- 5.2 Members of the Public resident in Hertfordshire or any business ratepayer of Hertfordshire may ask a question relating to any function of the Panel (but excluding matters confidential to the Panel or any person). An answer will be given orally (and in writing if requested or if the question cannot be answered at the meeting). The total time allowed for public questions shall not exceed 20 minutes at any Panel meeting.
- 5.3 Members of the Public resident in Hertfordshire or any business ratepayer of Hertfordshire may ask a question relating to any function of the Police and Crime Commissioner if they are intending or have been requested to be present at a meeting of the Panel (but excluding matters confidential to the Panel or any person). An answer will be given orally (and in writing if requested or if the question cannot be answered at the meeting or if the Police and Crime Commissioner is not present at the meeting). The total time allowed for public questions to the Commissioner shall not exceed 20 minutes at any Panel meeting.
- 5.4 Members of the Public resident in Hertfordshire or any business ratepayer of Hertfordshire may ask a question relating to the Panel's consideration of an item on

its agenda relating to the Police and Crime Commissioner's proposed precept, draft police and crime plan or annual report. Such questions shall be taken immediately before member consideration of the items and shall not exceed 15 minutes on each item.

5.5 The Chairman may exceptionally permit public participation in addition to the provisions above if it is considered to be in the public interest to do so.

6.0 Quorum

6.1 A meeting of the Panel cannot take place unless one third of the whole number of its Members is present. For the purpose of the quorum a named substitute shall count as a Member present if the Member from the authority they represent is not present.

7.0 Voting

- 7.1 Voting will be by show of hands and by simple majority unless the Act, Regulations made thereunder or these Rules require otherwise.
- 7.2 The Chairman will have a casting vote.
- 7.2 All Panel Members (including named substitute members if the Appointed Member is not present) may vote in proceedings of the Panel.
- 7.3 One-third of the voting Members present may require that the way all Members cast their votes or abstain from voting shall be recorded in the Minutes; such a request must be made before the vote is taken.

8.0 Code of Conduct

- 8.1 The Appointed Members of the Panel shall be subject to their appointing authority's code of conduct adopted pursuant to Section 27 of the Localism Act 2011 whilst acting as members of the Panel.
- 8.2 The Co-opted members of the Panel shall be subject to the host authority's code of conduct adopted pursuant to Section 27 of the Localism Act 2011 whilst acting as members of the Panel.

9.0 Work Programme

- 9.1 The Panel will be responsible for setting a programme for its work and in doing so shall have regard to:
 - a) the requirement to properly undertake the functions and responsibilities of the Panel as set out in the Act:
 - b) the priorities defined by the Police and Crime Commissioner ('PCC'); and
 - c) the views of Panel Members and advisers as to appropriate work to be undertaken.

10.0 Panel Agenda

10.1 The Panel agenda will be issued to Panel Members at least 5 clear days before the meeting. It will also be published on the Panel's web site and by sending copies to each of the Authorities, and by any other means the Panel considers appropriate.

10.2 Any Member of the Panel shall be entitled to give notice to the Head of Support Services, Broxbourne Borough Council that he or she wishes an item relevant to the functions of the Panel to be included on the agenda for the next available meeting.

11.0 Sub-Committees and Task Groups

- 11.1 The Panel may set up Sub-Committees from its membership to undertake specified functions of the Panel.
- 11.2 Sub-Committees and Task Groups may not undertake the Special Functions referred to at paragraph 13 below.
- 11.3 Task Groups may also be established from time to time by the Panel to undertake specific task based work.
- 11.4 The work to be undertaken by a Sub-Committee or Task Group will be defined beforehand, together with the timeframe within which the work is to be completed and the outcome reported to the Panel.
- 11.5 A Sub-Committee of the Panel may not co-opt Members.

12.0 Panel Reports - General

- 12.1 Reports and recommendations made by the Panel in relation to its functions will be carried out in accordance with the procedure outlined in this paragraph.
- 12.2 Where the Panel makes a report to the PCC it will publish the report or recommendations on its web site and by sending copies to each of the Authorities, and by any other means the Panel considers appropriate.
- 12.3 The Panel may require the PCC within 20 working days (or within such other period as is indicated in these Rules) of the date on which s/he receives the Panel's report or recommendations to:
 - a) consider the report or recommendations;
 - b) respond to the Panel indicating what (if any) action the PCC proposes to take;
 - c) where the Panel has published the report or recommendations, publish the response from the PCC in the same manner;
 - d) where the Panel has provided a copy of the report or recommendations to a Panel Member, provide a copy of the response to the Panel Member.
- 12.4 The publication of reports or recommendations is subject to the exclusion of any exempt or confidential information as defined in the rules on access to information in the Local Government Act 1972.

13.0 Scrutiny and Review

- 13.1 The Panel must scrutinise and review decisions made or actions taken by the PCC in the discharge of his/her duties, and make reports or recommendations to the PCC with respect to the discharge of those duties.
- 13.2 The Panel will publish all reports or recommendations made in relation to the discharge of the PCC's duties on its web site and by sending copies to each of the Authorities, and by any other means the Panel considers appropriate.

- 13.3 The Panel may in discharging this function review documentation, and require the PCC, and members of the PCC's staff, to attend before the Panel (at reasonable notice) to answer questions which appear to the Panel to be necessary in order to carry out its functions.
- 13.4 Where the PCC, or a member of the PCC's staff, is required to attend the Panel in accordance with this provision, the PCC will be given at least 15 working days written notice of the requirement to attend, and the notice shall:
 - a) state the nature of the item in respect of which s/he is required to attend;
 - b) whether any papers are required to be produced to the Panel; and
 - c) where it is necessary to produce a report, sufficient time will be given to allow for its preparation of that report.
- 13.5 Where, in exceptional circumstances, the PCC is unable to attend on the required date, then an alternative date for attendance shall be arranged following consultation with the Chairman.
- 13.6 A member of the PCC's staff attending a meeting of the Panel shall not be required to disclose any advice given to the PCC by that person.
- 13.7 The Panel may require the PCC to respond in writing to any report or recommendation of the Panel as set out in paragraph 9.2 above.
- 13.8 If the Panel requires the PCC to attend before the Panel, the Panel may also (at reasonable notice) request the Chief Constable to attend before the Panel on the same occasion to answer any questions which appears to the Panel to be necessary in order for it to carry out its functions.
- 13.9 In undertaking its functions, the Panel may invite persons other than those referred to above to attend Panel meetings, to address the meeting, discuss issues of local concern and/or answer questions. This may, for example and not exclusively, include residents, representatives from business or voluntary organisations, councillors who are not members of the Panel and officers from other parts of the public sector.

14.0 Special Functions

- 14.1 The Special Functions of the Panel, are those functions referred to at paragraphs 15-19, below, and which are conferred on the Panel in relation to:
 - a) the review of the Police and Crime Plan as required by Section 28(3) of the Act;
 - b) the review of the Annual Report as required by Section 28 (4) of the Act;
 - c) the review of senior appointments in accordance with Paragraphs 10 and 11 of Schedule 1 of the Act;
 - d) the review and potential veto of the proposed precept in accordance with Schedule 5 of the Act; and
 - e) the review and potential veto of appointment of the Chief Constable in accordance with Part 1 the Act.
- 14.2 The Special Functions shall be undertaken having regard to the requirements of the Act and Regulations in each case.
- 14.3 The issuing of reports and recommendations by the Panel in relation to the Special Functions outlined above will be carried out in accordance with paragraph 12 above.

15.0 Police and Crime Plan

15.1 The Panel is a statutory consultee on the development of the PCC's Police and Crime Plan and will receive a copy of the draft Police and Crime Plan, or a draft of any variation to it, from the PCC.

15.2 The Panel must:

- a) hold a public meeting to review the draft Police and Crime Plan (or a variation to it), and
- b) report or make recommendations on the draft Plan which the PCC must take into account.

16.0 Annual Report

- 16.1 The PCC must produce an Annual Report about the exercise of his/her functions in the financial year and progress in meeting police and crime objectives in the year. The report must be sent to the Panel for consideration
- 16.2 The Panel must comment upon the Annual Report of the PCC, and for that purpose must:
 - a) arrange for a public meeting of the Panel to be held as soon as practicable after the Panel receives the Annual Report;
 - b) require the PCC to attend the meeting to present the Annual Report and answer such questions about the Annual Report as the Members of the Panel think appropriate; and
 - c) make a report or recommendations on the Annual Report to the PCC.

17.0 Proposed precept

- 17.1 The Panel will receive notification from the PCC of the precept which the PCC is proposing to issue for the coming financial year. The Panel must arrange for a public meeting of the Panel to be held as soon as practicable after the Panel receives the proposed precept and make a report including recommendations.
- 17.2 Having considered the precept, the Panel must:
 - a) support the precept without qualification or comment; or
 - b) support the precept and make recommendations; or
 - c) veto the proposed precept (by the required majority of at least two thirds of the persons who are members of the Panel at the time when the decision is made) and determine if the precept should be increased or decreased.
- 17.3 If the Panel vetoes the proposed precept, the report to the PCC must include a statement that the Panel has vetoed the proposed precept and give reasons for that decision. The report must also state whether the precept should be increased or decreased. The Panel will require a response to the report and any such recommendations.

18.0 Appointment of the Chief Constable

18.1 The Panel must review the proposed appointment by the PCC of the Chief Constable.

- 18.2 The Panel will receive notification of the proposed appointment from the PCC, which will include:
 - a) the name of the candidate;
 - b) the criteria used to assess suitability of the candidate,
 - c) why the candidate satisfies the criteria; and
 - d) the terms and conditions proposed for the appointment
- 18.3 Within three weeks of the receipt of notification the Panel must consider and review the proposed appointment, and report to the PCC with a recommendation as to whether the candidate should be appointed. The three week period shall not include the 'post election period', being any period between the date of poll at the ordinary election of the PCC, and the date of declaration of acceptance of office of the PCC.
- 18.4 Before reporting and recommending under paragraph 18.3 above, the Panel must convene a public meeting ('confirmation hearing') of the Panel where the candidate must attend, either in person or by telephone or video link and answer questions relating to the appointment.
- 18.5 The Panel must publish the report on its web site and by sending copies to each of the Authorities, and by any other means the Panel considers appropriate.
- 18.6 The PCC may accept or reject the Panel's recommendation, and must notify the Panel accordingly.
- 18.7 In relation to the appointment of a candidate for the position of Chief Constable, the Panel also has the power to veto the appointment by the required majority of at least two thirds of the persons who are members of the Panel at the time when the decision is made.
- 18.8 A confirmation hearing as in paragraph 18.4 must be held before an appointment is vetoed.
- 18.9 If the Panel vetoes the appointment under paragraph 18.7, the report referred to at paragraph 18.3 above must include a statement to that effect.
- 18.10 If the Panel vetoes an appointment the PCC must not appoint that candidate as Chief Constable.
- 18.11 If the Panel has vetoed the appointment the PCC must notify the Panel of their reserve candidate (as defined in the Police and Crime Panels (Precepts and Chief Constable Appointments) Regulations 2012/2271) in accordance with paragraph 18.2.
- 18.12 The Panel shall consider the reserve proposal in accordance with paragraphs 18.3 to 18.5.
- 18.13 The Panel will be notified of the PCC's decision whether to accept or reject the recommendation.

19.0 Senior Appointments

19.1 The panel must review the proposed appointments by the PCC of the PCC's Chief Executive, Chief Finance Officer and (if one is to be appointed) Deputy PCC.

- 19.2 The Panel shall receive notification of the proposed appointments from the PCC including:
 - a) the name of the candidate;
 - b) the criteria used to assess suitability of the candidate,
 - c) why the candidate satisfies the criteria; and
 - d) the terms and conditions proposed for the appointment
- 19.3 Within three weeks of the receipt of notification the Panel must consider and review the proposed appointment, and report to the PCC with a recommendation as to whether the candidate should be appointed. The three week period will not include the post-election period.
- 19.4 Before reporting and recommending under 19.3 above, the Panel must convene a public confirmation hearing of the Panel where the candidate must attend, either in person or by telephone or video link and answer questions relating to the appointment.
- 19.5 The Panel must publish the report on its web site and by sending copies to each of the Authorities, and by any other means the Panel considers appropriate.
- 19.6 The PCC may accept or reject the Panel's recommendation, and must notify the Panel accordingly.

20.0 Appointment of an Acting Police and Crime Commissioner

- 20.1 The Panel must appoint a person to be acting Commissioner if:
 - a) no person holds the office of PCC;
 - b) the PCC is incapacitated (i.e. unable to fulfil the functions of PCC) which is a matter for the Panel to determine; or
 - c) the PCC is suspended.
- 20.2 In the event that the Panel has to appoint an acting Commissioner it will meet to determine the process for appointment which will comply with these Rules of Procedure and any legal requirements.
- 20.3 The Panel may appoint a person as acting Commissioner only if the person is a member of the PCC's staff at the time of the appointment.
- 20.4 In appointing a person as acting Commissioner in a case where the PCC is incapacitated, the Panel must have regard to any representations made by the PCC in relation to the appointment.
- 20.5 The appointment of an acting Commissioner will cease to have effect upon the earliest of the following:
 - a) the election of a person as PCC:
 - b) the termination by the Panel, or by the acting Commissioner, of the appointment of the acting Commissioner;
 - c) in a case where the acting Commissioner is appointed because the PCC is incapacitated, the PCC ceasing to be incapacitated; or
 - d) in a case where the acting PCC is appointed because the PCC is suspended, the PCC ceasing to be suspended.

20.6 Where the acting Commissioner is appointed because the PCC is incapacitated or suspended, the acting Commissioner's appointment does not terminate because a vacancy occurs in the office of PCC.

21.0 Complaints

- 21.1 The Panel must consider when it deems it appropriate complaints about the PCC in order to keep itself informed about complaints generally.
- 21.2 Serious complaints which involve allegations which may amount to a criminal offence by the PCC or senior office holders are referred to as 'conduct matters' and are to be dealt with by the Independent Police Complaints Commission (the 'IPCC').
- 21.3 The Panel may however be involved in the informal resolution of certain other complaints against the PCC and Deputy PCC, where they are not being investigated by the IPCC or cease to be investigated by the IPCC.
- 21.4 The Panel will assist the IPCC with its functions with regard to complaints.
- 21.5 The Panel will record any complaint or conduct matter.
- 21.6 The Panel will preserve any evidence with regard to a complaint or conduct matter.
- 21.7 On receipt of a complaint which falls within its remit the Panel will meet to consider the complaint and will seek informal resolution of a complaint by encouraging, facilitating, or otherwise assisting in the resolution of the complaint otherwise than by legal proceedings.
- 21.8 The Panel may delegate its functions for dealing with complaints apart from that arising under paragraph 21.7.

22.0 Suspension of the Police and Crime Commissioner

- 22.1 The Panel may suspend the PCC if it appears to the Panel that:
 - a) the Commissioner is charged in the United Kingdom, the Channel Islands or the Isle of Man with an offence; and
 - b) the offence is one which carries a maximum term of imprisonment exceeding two years.
- 22.2 The suspension of the PCC ceases to have effect upon the occurrence of the earliest of these events:
 - a) the charge being dropped;
 - b) the PCC being acquitted of the offence:
 - the PCC being convicted of the offence but not being disqualified under Section 66 of the Police Reform and Social Responsibility Act by virtue of the conviction, or
 - d) the termination of the suspension by the Panel.
- 22.3 In this section references to an offence which carries a maximum term of imprisonment exceeding two years are references to:
 - a) an offence which carries such a maximum term in the case of a person who has attained the age of 18 years, or

b) an offence for which, in the case of such a person, the sentence is fixed by law as life imprisonment.

23.0 Suspension and Removal of the Chief Constable

- 23.1 The Panel will receive notification if the PCC suspends the Chief Constable. The Panel will convene a meeting to consider the suspension and request a report from the PCC on the matter as soon as practicable after receiving the notification.
- 23.2 The PCC must also notify the Panel in writing of his/her proposal to call upon the Chief Constable to retire or resign together with a copy of the reasons given to the Chief Constable in relation to that proposal.
- 23.3 The PCC must provide the Panel with a copy of any representations from the Chief Constable about the proposal to call for his/her resignation or retirement.
- 23.4 If the PCC is still proposing to call upon the Chief Constable to resign, she/he must notify the Panel accordingly (the 'further notification').
- 23.5 Within six weeks from the date of receiving the further notification the Panel must make a recommendation in writing to the PCC as to whether or not s/he should call for the retirement or resignation. Before making any recommendation the Panel may consult the chief inspector of constabulary, and must hold a scrutiny meeting.
- 23.6 The scrutiny hearing which must be held by the Panel is a Panel meeting in private to which the PCC and Chief Constable are entitled to attend to make representations in relation to the proposal to call upon the Chief Constable to retire or resign. Appearance at the scrutiny hearing can be by attending in person, or participating by telephone or video link.
- 23.7 The Panel must publish the recommendation it makes on its web site and by sending copies to each of the Authorities, and by any other means the Panel considers appropriate.
- 23.8 The PCC may not call upon the Chief Constable to retire or resign until the end of the scrutiny process which will occur:
 - (a) at the end of six weeks from the Panel having received notification if the Panel has not by then given the PCC a recommendation as to whether or not she/he should call for the retirement or resignation; or
 - (b) the PCC notifies the Panel of a decision about whether she/he accepts the Panel's recommendations in relation to resignation or retirement.
- 23.9 The PCC must consider the Panel's recommendation and may accept or reject it, notifying the Panel accordingly.
- 23.10 In calculating the six week period, the post election period is ignored.